## CLAIMS

- 1. An optical fiber, comprising:
- a plurality of air holes around a core,
- 3 wherein said air holes in proximity of a connecting end
- 4 of said optical fiber are filled with a light transparent material
- 5 made of a resin or a glass or the like that has a refractive
- 6 index lower than that of a quartz-based material.
- 2. The optical fiber according to claim 1, wherein:
- 2 said optical fiber is a photonic crystal fiber that said
- 3 air holes are periodically arranged in a hexagonal lattice form
- 4 from a central portion of the optical fiber, where a crystal
- 5 defect exists.
- 1 3. The optical fiber according to claim 1, wherein:
- 2 said optical fiber is a Holey fiber that comprises, in
- 3 said core or a cladding thereof, said plurality of air holes
- 4 extending in an axial direction of the Holey fiber.
- 1 4. The optical fiber according to claim 1, wherein:
- 2 the resin filled in said air holes is a UV-curable resin.
- 5. An optical fiber connection method, comprising:
- 2 by using a V-groove splicer or the like, connecting
- 3 end-to-end said optical fiber as defined in claim 1 to an optical
- 4 fiber that has a mode field diameter larger than that of said
- 5 optical fiber as defined in claim 1 on a V-groove of said V-groove
- 6 splicer.

- 6. An optical fiber connector, comprising:
- 2 a ferrule on which said optical fiber as defined in claim
- 3 1 is mounted, said optical fiber being ground at an end face
- 4 thereof.
- 7. A sealing structure of an end portion of an optical
- 2 fiber, comprising:
- 3 a high refractive index core; and
- a low refractive index cladding formed around said core,
- 5 said cladding comprising a plurality of air holes extending in
- 6 an axial direction of said optical fiber,
- 7 wherein said air holes are sealed by a sealing portion
- 8 made of glass in said end portion, and
- 9 said cladding comprises a portion in which said sealing
- 10 portion is formed and which is provided with a diameter that
- 11 is the same as that of a portion in which said sealing portion
- 12 is not formed.
  - 1 **8.** The sealing structure of the end portion of the optical
  - 2 fiber according to claim 7, wherein:
  - 3 the sealing portion comprises glass that has the same
  - 4 composition as glass composing said optical fiber.
  - 1 **9.** The sealing structure of the end portion of the optical
  - 2 fiber according to claim 7, wherein:
  - 3 the sealing portion comprises glass that has a melting
  - 4 point lower than glass composing the optical fiber.
  - 1 10. The sealing structure of the end portion of the optical

- 2 fiber according to any one of claims 7 to 9, wherein:
- 3 the optical fiber is mounted and fixed to a connector
- 4 ferrule.
- 1 11. A method for sealing an end portion of an optical fiber,
- 2 comprising:
- 3 forming at said end portion of said optical fiber an end
- 4 face that is substantially at right angles to an axial direction
- 5 of said optical fiber in said end portion, wherein said optical
- 6 fiber comprises a high refractive index core and a low refractive
- 7 index cladding formed around said core, the cladding comprising
- 8 a plurality of air holes extending in the axial direction;
- 9 inserting a glass powder from said end face into said air
- 10 holes, said glass powder comprising the same composition as glass
- 11 composing said optical fiber; and
- 12 subsequently heating said end portion of said optical fiber
- 13 to fuse said glass powder and thereby seal said air holes.
  - 1 12. A method for sealing an end portion of an optical fiber
  - 2 comprising:
  - 3 forming at said end portion of said optical fiber an end
  - 4 face that is substantially at right angles to an axial direction
  - of said optical fiber in said end portion, wherein said optical
  - 6 fiber comprises a high refractive index core and a low refractive
  - 7 index cladding formed around said core, the cladding comprising
- 8 a plurality of air holes extending in the axial direction;
- 9 inserting a glass powder from said end face into said air
- 10 holes, said glass powder comprising a melting point lower than
- 11 glass composing said optical fiber; and

- 12 subsequently locally heating a proximity of an end portion
- 13 of said air holes to fuse said glass powder and thereby seal
- 14 said air holes.
  - 1 13. A method for sealing an end portion of an optical fiber
- 2 comprising:
- 3 forming at said end portion of said optical fiber an end
- 4 face that is substantially at right angles to an axial direction
- 5 of said optical fiber in said end portion, wherein said optical
- 6 fiber comprises a high refractive index core and a low refractive
- 7 index cladding formed around said core, the cladding comprising
- 8 a plurality of air holes extending in the axial direction; and
- 9 subsequently locally heating a proximity of an end portion
- 10 of said air holes to fuse said glass powder and thereby seal
- 11 said air holes.
  - 1 14. The method for sealing the end portion of the optical
  - 2 fiber according to claim 12 or 13, wherein:
  - 3 said end portion of said air holes is locally heated and
  - 4 fused by irradiating thereto carbon dioxide gas laser light to
  - 5 seal said air holes.
  - 1 **15.** The method for sealing the end portion of the optical
  - 2 fiber according to any one of claims 12 to 14, wherein:
  - 3 said optical fiber is beforehand mounted on and fixed to
  - 4 a connector ferrule.
  - 1 **16.** An optical fiber, comprising:
  - a high refractive index core and a low refractive index

- 3 cladding formed around said core, the cladding comprising a
- 4 plurality of air holes extending in an axial direction of said
- 5 optical fiber; and
- 6 a sealing portion formed at an end portion of said plurality
- 7 of air holes,
- 8 wherein said sealing portion comprises a quartz-based fine
- 9 particle that has a refractive index equal to or lower than that
- 10 of said cladding, and an optical adhesive that has a refractive
- 11 index equal to or lower than that of said cladding.
  - 1 17. The optical fiber according to claim 16, wherein:
  - said quartz-based fine particle has a diameter of  $1 \mu m$
  - 3 or less.

4

- 1 18. The optical fiber according to claim 17, wherein:
- 2 said quartz-based fine particle is doped with an additive
- 3 that reduces the refractive index thereof.
- 1 19. The optical fiber according to claim 16, wherein:
- 2 said optical adhesive is a UV-curable optical adhesive.
- 20. An optical fiber connector, comprising:
- 2 said optical fiber as defined in any one of claims 16 to
- 3 19 mounted on a ferrule.
- 21. A connection portion of an optical fiber, comprising:
- 2 said optical fiber connected to another optical fiber,
- 3 said optical fiber comprising a plurality of air holes in a
- 4 cladding formed around a core of said optical fiber,

- 5 wherein said optical fiber is joined end-to-end to said
- 6 another optical fiber through a refractive index matching agent
- 7 that has a refractive index at a minimum temperature in practical
- 8 use lower than that of said core.
- 22. A connection portion of an optical fiber, comprising:
- 2 said optical fiber connected to another optical fiber,
- 3 said optical fiber comprising a plurality of air holes in a
- 4 cladding formed around a core of said optical fiber,
- 5 wherein said optical fiber is joined end-to-end to said
- 6 another optical fiber through a refractive index matching agent
- 7 that has a refractive index at a minimum temperature in practical
- 8 use lower than that of said cladding.
- 1 23. The connection portion of the optical fiber according
- 2 to claim 21 or 22, wherein:
- 3 said refractive index matching agent has an optical
- 4 refractive index of 1.458 or less in a 1.3 to 1.55 μm wavelength
- 5 band at a temperature of -30 °C, and an average refractive index
- 6 temperature coefficient of  $-8.0 \times 10^{-4}$  /°C or more and less than
- 7 0 /°C in a temperature range of -30 °C to +70 °C.
- 1 24. An optical fiber splicer, comprising:
- 2 said connection portion of the optical fiber as defined
- 3 in any one of claims 21 to 23 housed in a chassis.
- 25. A connection portion of an optical fiber, comprising:
- 2 said optical fiber connected to another optical fiber,
- 3 said optical fiber comprising a plurality of air holes in a

- 4 cladding formed around a core of said optical fiber,
- 5 wherein said optical fiber is joined end-to-end to said another
- 6 optical fiber through a refractive index matching mixture that
- 7 has a refractive index in a temperature range in practical use
- 8 not more than that of said cladding, and that comprises a
- 9 micro-body with an average diameter or length of 100 nm or less.
- 1 **26.** The connection portion of the optical fiber according
- 2 to claim 25, wherein:
- 3 said micro-body is a fine particle comprising mainly pure
- 4 quartz.
- 1 27. The connection portion of the optical fiber according
- 2 to claim 25 or 26, wherein:
- 3 said refractive index matching mixture comprises a
- 4 refractive index matching agent with said micro-body mixed
- 5 therewith, and a mixture weight ratio of said refractive index
- 6 matching agent and said micro-body is 10:1 to 1:1.
- 1 28. An optical fiber splicer, comprising:
- 2 said connection portion of the optical fiber as defined
- 3 in any one of claims 25 to 27 housed in a chassis.